



Transitions of Care (TRC) - Medication Reconciliation Post-Discharge 2024

Medicare

Measure Description

The percentage of discharges between Jan. 1, 2024-Dec. 1, 2024, for patients 18 years of age and older, who had a medication reconciliation performed on the date of discharge thru 30 days post discharge (31 days total).

Provider Specialties Allowed: prescribing practitioner, clinical pharmacist, physician assistant or registered nurse

Required Exclusions

- Patients using hospice services or elect to use a hospice benefit any time during 2024
- Patients who passed away any time during 2024

Documentation Tips

- Documentation in the outpatient medical record must include evidence of medication reconciliation and the date when it was performed. Any of the following meet criteria:
 - Documentation of the current medications with a notation that the provider reconciled the current and discharge medications.
 - Documentation of the current medications with a notation that references the discharge medications (e.g., no changes in medications since discharge, same medications at discharge, discontinue all discharge medications).
 - Documentation of the member's current medications with a notation that the discharge medications were reviewed.
 - Documentation of a current medication list, a discharge medication list and notation that both lists were reviewed on the same date of service.
 - Documentation of the current medications with evidence that the member was seen for post-discharge hospital follow-up with evidence of medication reconciliation or review. Evidence that the member was seen for post-discharge hospital follow-up requires documentation that indicates the provider was aware of the member's hospitalization or discharge.
 - Documentation in the discharge summary that the discharge medication was reconciled with the most recent medication list in the outpatient medical record. There must be evidence that the discharge summary was filed in the outpatient chart on the date of discharge through 30 days after discharge (31 total days).
 - Notation that no medications were prescribed or ordered upon discharge.
- Use the appropriate **CPT/CPT II codes** to capture medication reconciliation post-discharge and to reduce the burden of administrative chart review
- Develop a process to gather timely admission/discharge information for your patients.



- Medication reconciliation can be performed without the patient present.

Non-compliant documentation hint

- Documentation of post-op/surgery follow-up *without a reference* to hospitalization, admission or inpatient stay does not meet compliance for medication reconciliation post-discharge numerator

Important Measure Note

This measure consists of 4 different rates:

- 1) **Notification of Inpatient Admission** - documentation of receipt of notification of inpatient admission on the day of admission through 2 days after admission (3 days total)
- 2) **Receipt of Discharge Information**-Documentation of receipt of discharge information on the day of discharge through 2 days after the discharge (3 total days).
- 3) **Patient Engagement After Inpatient Discharge**-Documentation of patient engagement (office visits, visits to the home, telehealth) provided within 30 days after discharge.
- 4) **Medication Reconciliation Post-Discharge**-Documentation of medication reconciliation on the date of discharge through 30 days after discharge (31 total days).

Common Codes for Medication Reconciliation

CPT®/CPT II: 1111F, 99483, 99495, 99496

Resources

HEDIS MY2024 Technical Specs Vol 2. Pg. 294-303