



## Childhood Immunization Status

### 2024 Performance Year

Commercial and Medicaid

#### Measure Description

The percentage of children 2 years of age who had the following immunizations by their second birthday:

- Four diphtheria, tetanus and acellular pertussis (DTaP)
- Three polio (IPV)
- One measles, mumps and rubella (MMR)
- Three haemophilus influenza type B (HiB)
- Three hepatitis B (HepB)
- One chicken pox (VZV)
- Four pneumococcal conjugate (PCV)
- One hepatitis A (HepA);
- Two or three rotavirus (RV)
- Two influenza (flu) vaccines

The measure calculates a rate for each vaccine and three combination rates.

**Note:** Elevance Commercial contract is tracking patients who have had at least one MMR vaccination between their first and second birthday

#### Required Exclusions

- Children who had a contraindication to a childhood vaccine on or before their second birthday.
- Patients in hospice or using a hospice benefit anytime during the performance year
- Patients who passed away anytime during the performance year

#### Documentation Tips

- For immunization evidence obtained from the medical record, count members where there is evidence that the antigen was rendered from one of the following:
  - A note indicating the name of the specific antigen and the date of the immunization.
  - A certificate of immunization prepared by an authorized health care provider or agency including the specific dates and types of immunizations administered.
- For documented history of illness or anaphylaxis, there must be a note indicating the date of the event, which must have occurred by the member's second birthday.
- Notes in the medical record indicating that the member received the immunization "at delivery" or "in the hospital" may be counted toward the numerator only for immunizations that do not have minimum age restrictions (e.g., before 42 days after birth).
- A note that the "member is up to date" with all immunizations but which does not list the dates of all immunizations and the names of the immunization agents does not constitute sufficient evidence of immunization for HEDIS reporting.
- Immunizations documented using a generic header or "DTaP/DTP/DT" can be counted as evidence of DTaP.
- Immunizations documented using a generic header (e.g. polio vaccine) or "IPV/OPV" can be counted as evidence of IPV.

- For rotavirus, if documentation does not indicate whether the two-dose schedule or three-dose schedule was used, assume a three-dose schedule and find evidence that three doses were administered.

### Codes for MMR

- **MMR Injection**
  - **CPT:** 90707, 90710
- **Anaphylaxis due to the measles, mumps and rubella vaccine on or before the child's second birthday**
  - **SNOMED:** 471331000124109
- **History of Measles**
  - **ICD-10:** B05.0, B05.1, B05.2, B05.3, B05.4, B05.81, B05.89, B05.9
- **History of Mumps**
  - **ICD-10:** B26.0, B26.1, B26.2, B26.3, B26.81, B26.82, B26.83, B26.84, B26.85, B26.89, B26.9
- **History of Rubella**
  - **ICD-10:** B06.00, B06.01, B06.02, B06.09, B06.81, B06.82, B06.89, B06.9

### Resources

HEDIS MY2024 Technical Specs Vol 2. Pg. 74-81